

- B.** 1. Give me the keys of the safe or you will be shot. 2. The officer was efficient but he was not sincere. 3. She was sensible and she did the right thing. 4. People looted the shop and set it to fire. *Or* Not only people looted the shop but also set it to fire. 5. Neither he would eat nor would allow us to eat. 6. He is hurt but he wants to play. 7. They wanted to win so they worked hard. 8. We went to a theatre where we saw a movie. 9. You must follow my instructions or you must resign. 10. The manager appointed Vinit who will do the accounts.
- C.** 1. You have been working hard so you will pass. 2. She must be a sleep for there is no light in her room. 3. There was little hope of success yet I tried hard. 4. Vipin plays hockey and he plays table tennis as well. 5. She speaks Punjabi but she also speaks Hindi. 6. She will not spend her money nor she will invest it. 7. She is wise and intelligent. 8. I tried my best yet I failed. 9. The way was long and the wind was cold. 10. Vishal is quite sociable but his brother is rather reserved.

Grammar-8

SECTION A : GRAMMAR

1. The Sentence – Its Types and Parts

- A.** 1. Rohit and Ankur/worked hard on their project. 2. A large number of swimmers/participated in the race this year. 3. The tired old/man/came in from the scorching heat. 4. Kavita/is writing a letter. 5. Dinner will be ready in fifteen minutes. 6. The firemen/are extinguishing the fire. 7. We/went to lunch with Dolly and her father today. 8. Dinu/can come with us to the movie. 9. Rohit/is my best friend. 10. The moon/is shining bright.
- B.** 1. The wise judge/declared that the defendant was not guilty. 2. Dogs, cats and turtles/make the best pets. 3. His brother's leg/will heal in a few months. 4. She/wrote the letter. 5. The farmers/are ploughing the field. 6. Saurabh/was an amazing captain. 7. The grey clouds/are getting darker. 8. I/want a new car. 9. Damini/is fine. 10. The sun/is rising.
- C. Indirect :** 1. us 2. her students 3. us 6. beggar 8. me 9. cat 10. her friend
Direct : 1. bill 2. lollipop 3. tickets 4. street hockey 5. an invitation 6. piece of land 7. time 8. apples 9. cat 10. e-mail.
- D.** 1. Diamond – Objective 2. a popular lawyer – subjective 3. necklace –

subjective 4. for life – objective 5. white – objective 6. angry – objective 7. good batsman – subjective 8. extremely intelligent – subjective 9. lucky – objective 10. golden – objective.

2. The Noun

- A. 1. Gold is yellow while milk is white. – *Material, Material* 2. Childhood is golden and old age is grey. – *Abstract, Abstract* 3. The committee has rejected my appeal. – *Collective, Abstract* 4. Honesty is the best policy. – *Abstract, Abstract* 5. The crowd chased the herd out of the village. – *collective, collective common* 6. Arpit gave a phone to Gita. – *Proper, Common, proper* 7. Many people do not eat bananas. – *Common, Common* 8. Sarika's books are on the table. – *Common, Common* 9. Milton, the great poet wrote – Paradise Lost. – *Proper, Common, Proper* 10. Tipu, the ruler of Mysore, was a courageous man. – *Proper, Common, Proper, Common* 11. A doctor came to my house. – *Common, Common* 12. The boys are reading books. – *Common, Common* 13. My brother has gone to Germany. – *Common, Proper* 14. Vandana gave Vinita a camera. – *Proper, Proper, Common* 15. Father taught me how to play the drum. – *Common, Common*
- B. 1. fleet 2. clump 3. army 4. crowd 5. pack 6. flock 7. bunch 8. bunch 9. swarm 10. bouquet
- C. 1. stamps 2. chair 3. children 4. bikes 5. dog 6. computer 7. room 8. bed 9. pencils 10. sisters.
- D. 1. fish 2. buses 3. pennies 4. days 5. sheep 6. halves 7. feet 8. women
- E. **Masculine** : horse, bridegroom, uncle, poet, actor, dog, prince, monk, hunter, lion
- Feminine** : mare, bride, aunt, poetess, actress, bitch, princess, nun, huntress, lioness
- F. **Masculine gender** : nephew, master, sun
- Feminine gender** : heiress, mare, mistress, bride, ship, moon
- Common gender** : mayour, president, neighbour, secretary, pet
- Neuter gender** : violin, car, coin, neuter, rock, flower, hen

3. Clauses

- A. 1. Do you know how she is? 2. I am delighted that they are getting married.
3. He is very angry that she did not tell him the truth. 4. I presume that you are going with him. 5. Have you forgotten that you are going with him?
6. This is quite apparent, that she has some domestic problems. 7. I am sure that he is deceiving you. 8. It is not forgivable what you did. 9. She still holds on the belief that he is not dead. 10. I do not know that how many people are coming to the meeting.
- B. (i) 1. The injection, which the nurse gave the patient, made him sleep.
2. My mother, who looked very worried, asked me to lie down. 3. The judge called a lawyer who came quickly. 4. A policeman, who was nearby, moved his hand to attract me. 5. The man, who was sick, looked very weak.
6. I was sitting in the waiting hall which was not comfortable.
- (ii) 1. c. whom 2. b. who 3. a. whose 4. a. that 5. b. which
- C. 1. (c) 2. (a) 3. (d) 4. (b) 5. (a) 6. (b) 7. (a) 8. (b) 9. (c)

4. The Pronoun

- A. 1. I, my 2. She 3. He 4. He 5. They 6. It 7. They 8. It 9. They 10. You
- B. 1. something 2. anything 3. anybody 4. anywhere 5. nothing 6. Everybody
7. Have everyone 8. somewhere
- C. 1. mine 2. her 3. his 4. yours 5. our, theirs 6. Mine, yours 7. Ours, yours
8. mine.
- D. 1. one another 2. ourselves 3. itself 4. each other 5. himself 6. myself
7. herself 8. themselves 9. ourselves 10. themselves
- E. 1. who 2. whose 3. which 4. who 5. who 6. which 7. whose 8. whose
9. who 10. which
- F. 1. reflexive 2. reflexive 3. reflexive 4. reflexive 5. emphatic 6. reflexive
7. reflexive 8. reflexive 9. emphatic 10. emphatic
- G. 1. itself 2. myself 3. themselves 4. itself 5. yourself

5. Verb

- A. 1. Transitive 2. Intransitive 3. Transitive 4. Transitive 5. Intransitive
6. Intransitive 7. Transitive 8. Intransitive 9. Transitive 10. Intransitive
- B. 1. Correct 2. Incorrect 3. Incorrect 4. Correct 5. Correct 6. Correct
7. Correct 8. Correct 9. Correct 10. Incorrect
- C. 1. were 2. has 3. Are 4. have 5. do 6. would 7. may 8. do 9. did 10. had
- D. 1. was 2. thinks 3. smelled 4. was 5. seemed 6. is 7. looked 8. is 9. was
10. was 11. was 12. proved
- E. **admit** — admitted, admitted (regular); **learn** — learned, learned (regular);
meet — met, met (irregular); **blow** — blew, blown (irregular); **cry** — cried,
cried (regular); **Put** — put, put (irregular); **draw** — drew, drew (irregular);
send — sent, sent (irregular); **find** — found, found (irregular); **set** — set,
set (irregular); **begin** — began, begun (irregular); **hurt** — hurt, hurt
(irregular); **love** — loved, loved (regular); **build** — built, built (irregular)
move — moved, moved (regular); **permit** — permitted, permitted
(regular).

6. Non-finite Verbs

- A. 1. to laugh 2. coming 3. to study 4. living 5. to help 6. to talk 7. to work
8. to see
- B. 1. to hurt 2. being 3. to prepare 4. turning 5. to decrease 6. to apply
7. driving 8. to reduce
- C. 1. While walking home she met an old friend. 2. While tidying her room
she found some old photos. 3. While talking to her friend she forgot
everything around her. 4. Not having enough money they spent their
holidays at home. 5. Not feeling well I did not go to the club. 6. Being
vegetarian, they do not eat meat. 7. Wagging its tail the dog bit the postman.
8. Being a good boy he helped his mother in the kitchen.
- D. 1. Prepared 2. Lying 3. leaving 4. Built 5. playing 6. interesting 7. shocked
8. Flying, well-known

7. Modal Verbs

- A. (i) 1. couldn't 2. can't 3. could 4. can 5. Could 6. can
(ii) 1. must not 2. can't 3. might 4. could 5. should 6. Would
- B. 1. May 2. Can 3. may 4. Could 5. could 6. can 7. can not 8. may
- C. 1. (c) 2. (c) 3. (a) 4. (b) 5. (b) 6. (a) 7. (a) 8. (a)

8. Subject-Verb Agreement

- A. 1. stays 2. was 3. care 4. have 5. is 6. is 7. loves 8. meets 9. reach 10. live
- B. 1. The cost of all vegetables **has** fallen down. 2. Neither Naresh nor his friends **were** there. 3. The society **is** tired of corruption. 4. Cotton **grows** in Maharashtra in abundance. 5. The horse as well as the cow **eats** grass. 6. Each of these houses **is** strong. 7. Which one of these books **is** hers? 8. Either you or he **has** stolen the camera. 9. Suneeta or her sisters **have** broken the glass. 10. The committee **has** given its findings.
- C. 1. is 2. are 3. are 4. are 5. is 6. is 7. want 8. knows, want 9. is 10. are

9. Verb : Tense

- A. (i) 1. say 2. play 3. rains 4. drives 5. go
(ii) 1. are writing 2. is saving 3. is going 4. is raining 5. is talking
- B. 1. has been dancing 2. has imposed 3. has just arrived 4. have covered 5. has just finished 6. have you been waiting 7. has been raining 8. have been playing 9. has won 10. have been walking
- C. 1. attend 2. Did, attend 3. see 4. waited 5. killed 6. studied 7. call 8. danced, sang
- D. 1. was sleeping 2. was playing 3. was running 4. Were, sleeping 5. did, play 6. did 7. did, sleep 8. waited
- E. 1. had gone 2. run 3. heard 4. had rung 5. Had, started 6. seen 7. had left 8. had passed
- F. 1. had been cooking 2. had been sleeping 3. had been playing 4. had been running 5. had been ringing 6. had, been playing 7. had been bathing 8. had been teaching

- G.** 1. shall be spending 2. shall leave 3. shall go 4. will fly 5. will arrive 6. will be sleeping 7. shall leave 8. will be playing 9. shall go 10. will rain
- H.** 1. shall have finished 2. will have arrested 3. will have repaired 4. will have written 5. will have visited 6. will have left 7. will have motivated 8. will you have enjoyed
- I.** 1. shall have been attending 2. will have been sleeping 3. will have been watching 4. will have not been working 5. will have been playing 6. will you have been waiting 7. will have been exercising
- J.** Dolly **gets up** at 7 o'clock. She **went** into the bathroom, **washed, dressed** and then **went** into the kitchen. She **had** breakfast at 7:30. She **left** the house at 7:45 and **went** to work by her scooter. She **worked** from 8:30 till 12:00. Then she **rushed** to the snack bar where she had lunch. From 1 o'clock till 4:30 she **had** to work on the computer. Dolly **did** the shopping after leaving her office. She **arrived** at her flat at 7 o'clock in the evening.

10. The Adjective

- A.** 1. This – Demonstrative Adjective 2. Indian – Adjective of Quality 3. every – Distributive Adjective 4. ripe – Adjective of Quality 5. smart – Adjective of Quality 6. small – Adjective of Quantity 7. Some – Adjective of Quantity 8. any – Adjective of Quantity 9. first – Adjective of Number 10. twelve – Adjective of Number 11. old – Adjective of Quality 12. each – Distributive Adjective 13. Neither – Distributive Adjective 14. These – Demonstrative Adjective 15. all – Adjective of Quantity
- B.** 1. (c) 2. (a) 3. (c) 4. (a) 5. (b) 6. (a) 7. (a) 8. (b) 9. (a) 10. (c)
- C.** 1. (b) 2. (a) 3. (c) 4. (c) 5. (c)

11. Determiners

- A.** 1. much 2. some 3. all 4. These 5. any 6. each 7. those 8. The 9. an 10. many
- B.** 1. a little 2. a 3. any 4. Many 5. a 6. a little 7. any 8. many 9. an 10. many
- C.** 1. my, you 2. mine 3. your, my 4. your 5. My 6. mine 7. his 8. your 9. our, Ours 10. her

12. The Adverb

- A. 1. late — time 2. very — degree 3. when — relative 4. Why — interrogative 5. Always — frequency 6. where — relative 7. never — negation 8. twice — frequency 9. before — time 10. last night — time
- B. 1. yet 2. First, then 3. in 4. rather 5. just 6. fairly 7. very 8. hardly 9. never 10. hard
- C. 1. worse, worst 2. more often, most often 3. harder, hardest 4. more, most 5. less, least 6. more carefully, most carefully 7. faster, fastest 8. better, best 9. earlier, earliest
- D. 1. worst 2. more fluently 3. more carefully 4. higher 5. harder 6. more happily 7. clearly 8. gracefully 9. faster 10. most politely

13. Prepositions

- A. 1. at 2. in 3. under 4. from 5. among 6. to 7. to 8. in 9. on 10. of
- B. 1. with 2. by 3. on 4. on 5. with 6. by 7. at 8. to 9. in 10. into
- C. 1. at 2. with 3. to 4. at 5. in 6. with 7. in 8. on 9. on 10. with
- D. 1. on 2. about 3. in 4. in 5. in 6. off 7. on 8. off 9. in 10. in

14. Conjunctions

- A. 1. because 2. though 3. so 4. If 5. nor 6. because 7. but 8. If 9. and 10. but
- B. 1. so 2. whereas 3. Because 4. so 5. and 6. so 7. so 8. because 9. although 10. but

15. Punctuation

- A. 1. Midas was a famous king. He was very greedy. He loved gold more than his life. 2. Wright brothers lived in America. They invented aeroplanes. They worked very hard. 3. Socrates lived in Athens. Plato and Crito were his pupils. They respected him very much. 4. A king was ill. He consulted many doctors. They could do nothing for him. 5. Om is my friend. He is a good boy. He lives in Delhi.

- B.** 1. Why is Tulsidas famous? 2. What is the lion doing with the little mouse? 3. Why is Kavita crying? 4. Why does India advocate non-violence? 5. Which of these chairs did Mohan sit on? 6. Which pen do you prefer? 7. Do you like her? 8. What do you want to say and why did you come here? 9. Why has this machine failed? 10. Who was the better king, Babar or Akbar?
- C.** 1. Girish can understand, speak, read and write English well. 2. Friends, you must be ready to pay the price of freedom. 3. Unless you invite Mahesh personally, he will not come. 4. If you drop this glass, it will break. 5. He, who is your friend, should stand by you. 6. The weather being bad, Shyam and Ram decided not to go out. 7. Surdas, the famous Hindi poet, was blind. 8. Walking along the road, my sister noticed a dead cobra. 9. Rohit as well as Sudha and Pulkit likes coffee. 10. It was Yama, the lord of Death, who had taken the form of the Yaksha so that he might see, Yudhisthira and bless him.
- D.** 1. Sita said, "I am waiting, watching and longing for my son's return". 2. "Can you go to Delhi today and call Mr. Gupta?" the master said. 3. When the old man came nearer, the first thief said, "Why do you carry a dog on your back?" 4. There was a large, red, old car standing outside Leela's house. 5. "Do not worry," said Hari, "I will give the message to him." 6. Lucknow, the capital of Uttar Pradesh, is also a city of historical interest. 7. Amita said, "May I come in please?" 8. Uncle said, "You are not welcome, little girl." 9. Dinesh said, "Why should I go out?" 10. "Is this your final decision?" asked Harish, "I am afraid I cannot change my decision", said Anuj.

16. Active and Passive Voice

- A.** 1. A rabbit was killed by the hunter. 2. The mouse was spared by the lion. 3. All the fruits were not eaten by us. 4. Is a letter being written by you? 5. The cat has been chased by the dog. 6. The thief has been caught by the policeman. 7. A sweet song was sung by my sister.
- B.** 1. You will be seen by me tomorrow. 2. My bike shall never be given to him. 3. By whom will the race be won? 4. This book will be finished by her in two days. 5. All the doors had been locked by them. 6. Had all of you been invited to dinner by him? 7. A song was being sung by me last night.

- C.** 1. You are requested to sit down. 2. I was laughed at by him. 3. This book must be read by her. 4. Our parents ought to be obeyed by us. 5. Let the poor not be insulted. 6. Let noise not be made. 7. You will have been invited by them.
- D.** 1. My car has been damaged by someone. 2. My purse was lost in the bus yesterday. 3. Everyone is pleased by your behaviour. 4. He was called a villain by the public. 5. Let these plants be watered. 6. Can this big parcel be sent by you by air? 7. Watches are not sold by anybody now. 9. A reply must be sent by you. 10. Let these letters be sent by registered mail.
- E.** 1. He was elected captain by the boys. 2. She was given a prize by the principal. 3. The flag was hoisted by Pt. Nehru. 4. The snake was killed by the police. 5. Let the police be informed. 6. My purse was lost in the bus yesterday. 7. Has everyone been informed of the changes? 8. Our clothes were washed by the servant. 9. The award can be won by Kohli. 10. Let this picture be put on the wall.

17. Direct and Indirect Speech

- A.** 1. said 2. told 3. told 4. said 5. told
- B.** 1. Madhuri said that her birthday is in May. 2. Rekha said that it was her mother's birthday, so she was taking her out to dinner. 3. They said that they would bring some gifts to the party. 4. She told me that she had bought a gift for my cousin. 5. My grandparents told me that they would buy a plane ticket on my birthday to visit Delhi.
- C.** 1. The officer said that he had served in army for many years. 2. He said that Napoleon had loved brave people. 3. She said that my father and my mother had helped the beggar. 4. The shopkeeper said that the customer had not purchased anything from his shop. 5. The watchman said that he had already locked the door. 6. She said that her sister had been writing a letter. 7. The farmer said that cows were grazing in the field. 8. She said that her mother cooked tasty food. 9. The teacher said that Lalit has written a nice essay. 10. Karan told Hemant that he had batted well.
- D.** 1. She said that that was her pen. 2. She said that they had been waiting for the guests at the station. 3. The host said that the guests were expected at 8 p.m. for dinner. 4. You told her that you would give her a book that day. 5. Amit told Geeta that she would go back to the hostel the next day. 6. I

told Hemant that I had bought that book the previous day. 7. The teacher told me that I had to work hard. *Or* The teacher advised me to work hard.

- E.** 1. She asked me whether I would not play with her that day. 2. I asked her what she was doing then. 3. She asked her if she had finished her homework. 4. The doctor asked the peon if it was not a surprise to see him something. 5. She asked me if Kohli was a good batsman. 6. I asked the child why he had cried the previous day. 7. The doctor asked the patient if he took milk.
- F.** 1. (c) 2. (a) 3. (b) 4. (a)

18. Transformation of Sentences

- A.** (i) 1. The peon had pleasant manners so he became popular. 2. He saw the policeman and ran away. 3. The beggar was sitting on the street and was smoking. 4. He was deaf so he could not hear us. 5. He was not only given imprisonment but (he) was also heavily fined.

(ii) 1. In order to avoid punishment you must not repeat it. *Or* In case of its repetition you will be punished. 2. Having finished swimming he got ready for dinner. 3. In spite of richness she is unhappy. 4. You cannot get well without consulting a doctor. 5. We resumed our journey after the rain.

- B.** 1. She did not sleep until she finished her work. 2. As soon as I saw a thief, I informed the policeman. 3. You worked hard but you failed. 4. Vibhu is tall but Ankur is taller. 5. Enter the temple after you take off your shoes. 6. Wait for me until I come. 7. I was sleeping when my father reached home. 8. Her mother told me that she would not succeed. 9. While I was singing, he was enjoying. 10. Wash your hands before you come for lunch.

19. Synthesis of Sentences

- A.** 1. He is too weak to walk. 2. All agreed to their decision to go on strike. 3. Having finished her work she went out. 4. Being tired the beggar sat down for a while. 5. In spite of many faults she had a good heart. 6. Jahangir was a painter as well as a king. 7. She must do some work as early as possible. 8. It is your duty to respect your father. 9. Punit, my tenant, pays the rent regularly. 10. Islamabad, the capital of Pakistan, is a big city.

- B.** 1. This is a hospital so you can't make a noise here. 2. The teacher is strict but he is not cruel. 3. I do not like bananas nor I like apples. 4. He was not in form so he was dropped from the team. 5. The film was entertaining yet it was educative. 6. He was naughty so he was punished. 7. She cannot read nor she can write. 8. She was praised and she was honoured. 9. Kavita is intelligent yet she is hard worker. 10. She was sick yet she came to the party.
- C.** 1. The police chased the suspect who went somewhere. 2. The class teacher, who is very strict, is also very helpful. 3. This is Anand Bhawan where Nehruji was born. 4. I bought a camera which costed rupees five hundred. 5. It is certain that the train will arrive late. 6. She is not eligible for this job because she has no experience. 7. Nobody knows what they do. 8. Her sister, who is in Delhi, is a doctor in a government hospital. 9. The weather forecasters expect that we will have good monsoon this year. 10. We visited Jalianwala Bagh which is situated in Amritsar.
- D.** 1. He is a madman and he is sometimes violent. 2. He has been working hard and he will pass. 3. I did my best but I failed. 4. The road was long but the car was old. 5. There was little hope of success yet I tried hard. 6. She will not spend her money nor she will invest it. 7. Mr Sharma teaches English yet he teaches Hindi well. 8. She must be awoken for their is light in her room. 9. He speaks English and he also speaks French. 10. Amar is quite sociable but his sister is rather reserved.